Revising the Principal Pay Plan

NCPAPA & NCASA Statewide Webinar April 8, 2024





How Did We Get Here?

2016

Joint Legislative Committee Studies Revisions

Input included superintendents, advocacy groups, the business sector, and examples from other states.

2018

New Principal Pay Scale Goes Into Effect

Considerable increases are made to principal pay, but most recommendations from the committee are not implemented. EVAAS-based performance and school size are the only factors.

2020

COVID Pauses Testing and Freezes Principal Pay on Scale

Lack of valid testing data places a pause on EVAAS data. Growth bonuses are extended for one year, then suspended. 2022

HB19 Realigns Principal Salaries Based on One Year's EVAAS Growth

Superintendent Truitt uses ESSER funds to hold 17% of principals harmless from a reduction.

Where does your paycheck come from?

Local Supplements

PSUs can add supplements to your salary. Every PSU is different. Some add no funds, some add specific amounts or percentages, others pay everyone at the Exceeds Level of the current plan.

Performance Bonus

Growth bonuses paid annually for EVAAS growth. Does not contribute to retirement.

State Funds

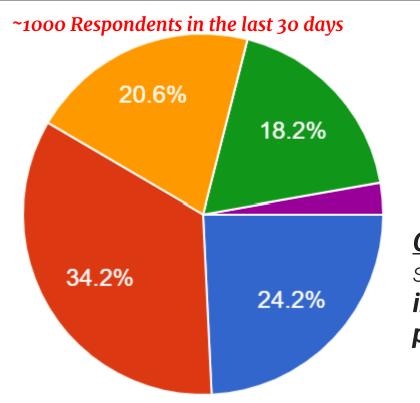
The current principal pay scale uses two factors: school size and EVAAS performance in selected subjects.

Current Principal Compensation Plan

The current plan was a step in the right direction for overall principal compensation. However, the plan had a few unintended consequences:

- 1. It leads to <u>big swings in pay</u> based on many factors beyond the principal's control.
- 2. It <u>doesn't consider the complexity</u> of the school.
- 3. It <u>de-incentivizes</u> outstanding Assistant Principals from aspiring to become principals and <u>stay in the field</u>.

Perceptions of the Current Compensation Plan



Strongly disagreeDisagree

Neutral

Agree

Strongly agree

Only 21% of principals surveyed agree or strongly agree that—performance-based pay in the current pay plan makes up a fair portion of a principal's total salary.

Opportunities For Improvement

The challenges that this proposed plan hopes to overcome in support of school leaders are:

> Reducing the dramatic swings in salaries

 A principal's salary can fluctuate dramatically and unpredictably from an average of \$8,496 to as much as \$18,000 per year.

Recognizing that not all schools are the same

 Adding additional complexity factors (beyond school size) when determining principal pay.

> Promoting principal retention

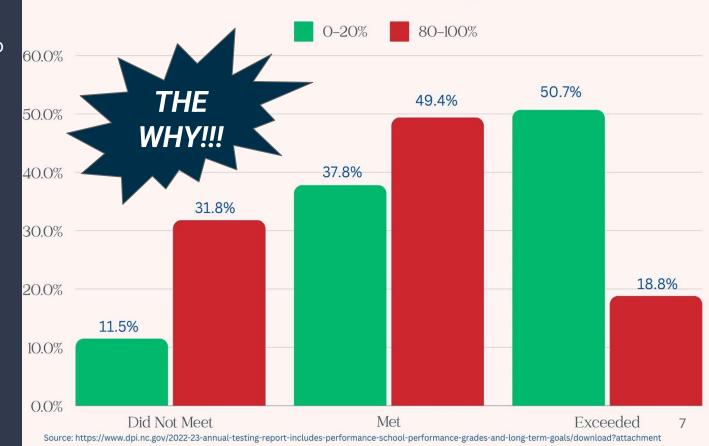
 Adding a retention supplement or principals offsets a desire for school leaders to seek Central Office positions.

Why Do We Need To Measure Complexity?

Our current system ranks growth of all schools with no consideration of complexity or disadvantagement.

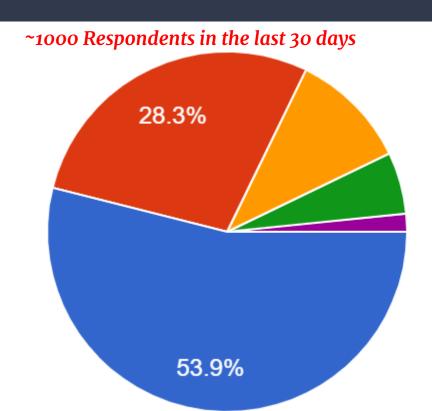
This graph shows the correlation between social economic status of the student population and the school's ability to exceed growth.

2022–23 School Growth Status by Percent of Economically Disadvantaged Students



*Data from NCDPI compiled by NCPAPA

High-Performing Principals & Low-Performing Schools





Only 7% agree or strongly agree that—the current pay plan encourages high-performing principals to transition to low-performing schools.

Current Principal Compensation Plan

Average Daily
Membership and
Growth are the only
two factors impacting
Principal Pay

PRINCIPAL SALARY (Annual Schedules) FY 2023-24 Effective July 1, 2023

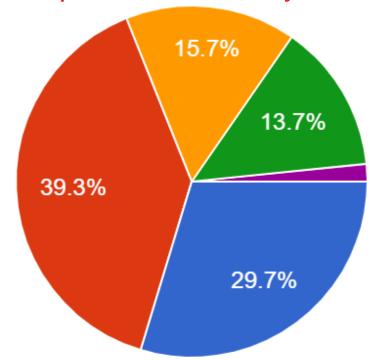
Base + 10%

Base + 20%

		Base		Growth Met		Growth Exceeded
ADM	Schedule/	Annual	Schedule/	Annual	Schedule/	Annual
Range	Pay Level	<u>Salary</u>	Pay Level	<u>Salary</u>	Pay Level	<u>Salary</u>
up to 200	B0	\$75,526	G0	\$83,078	E0	\$90,631
201 to 400	B1	\$79,302	G1	\$87,232	E1	\$95,162
401 to 700	B2	\$83,078	G2	\$91,386	E2	\$99,694
701 to 1,000	B3	\$86,855	G3	\$95,540	E3	\$104,226
1,001 to 1,600	B4	\$90,631	G4	\$99,694	E4	\$108,757
over 1,600	B5	\$94,407	G5	\$103,848	E5	\$113,288 9

Becoming a Principal

~1000 Respondents in the last 30 days



- Strongly disagree
- Disagree
- Neutral
- Agree
- Strongly agree

<u>Less than 15%</u> of principals agree or strongly agree that— the current pay plan encourages school leaders to transition into the role of the principal.

Redefining Principal Performance

Durable Skills Teacher Retention

EVAAS Growth Career & College Readiness

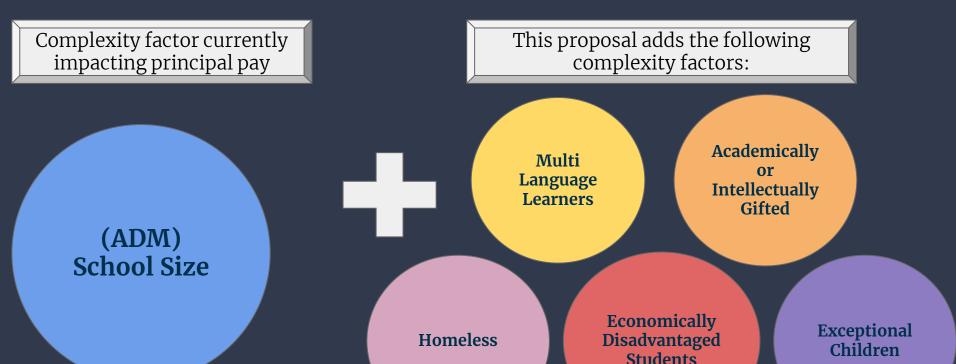
Reducing Discipline

Improving Proficiency

Evaluation

Community Engagement Physical Environment

Acknowledging School Complexity



How to Calculate Complexity

- > 1 point per student (ADM)
- > 1 point per EC student
- > 1 point per Homeless student
- 1 point per Economically Disadvantaged student
- 1 point per Multi-Language Learner student
- 1 point per Academically Gifted student

- > Total points per school
- > Rank schools by points
- > Divide ranked schools into tiers

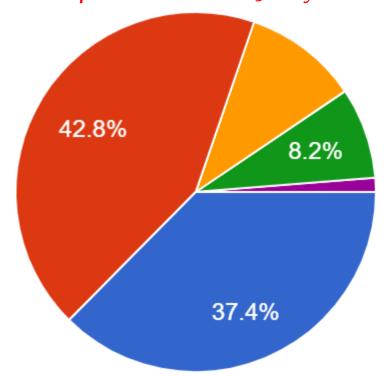
School Complexity Range	Schedule/ Pay Level
Lowest 10%	B0
11 - 30%	B1
31 - 50%	B2
51 - 70%	B3
71 - 90%	B4
Highest 10%	B5

Improving Principal Retention for Student Success

- Nationally, 1 in 5 principals leave the profession each year.
 - o In North Carolina the number is closer to 1 in 4.
 - The problem of retention is greatest at high-poverty schools where nearly 30 percent of principals leave their school.
 - o **50% of principals leave** within 3 years of being hired.
- As principals become more experienced, research shows they tend to move to lead schools with fewer complexity factors, schools that serve high-income areas with highachieving students.

Retaining Principals

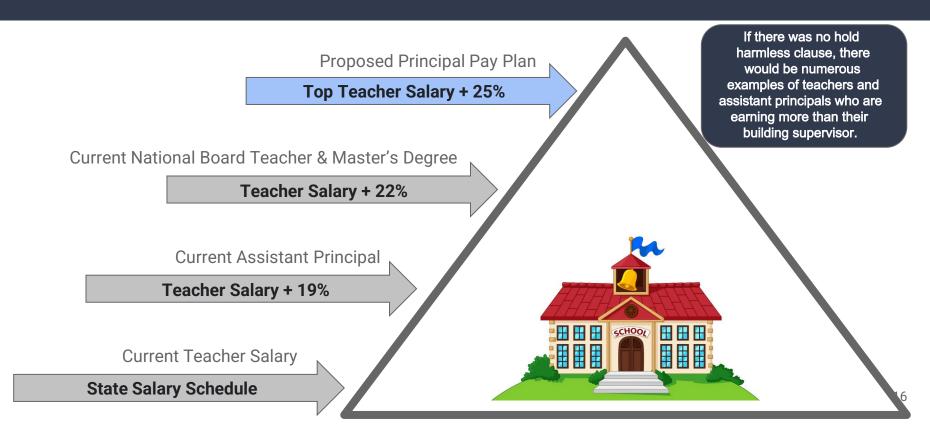
~1000 Respondents in the last 30 days



- Strongly disagree
- Disagree
- Neutral
- Agree
- Strongly agree

Less than 10% agree or strongly agree that—the current pay plan incentivizes principals to remain in the profession.

Creating a Compensation Progression



Let's Add It All Up

Linking to Teacher Pay

- Highest paid teacher is \$5,510/month
- APs are paid at teacher salary + 19%
 Proposal = Highest Teacher + 25%

Calculating Your Salary

- \$5,510 x 12 months = \$66,120
- \$66,120 + 25% = \$82,650 (new base salary)
- Add 5% per Complexity Tier
- Add 5% per Performance Tier
- Add Retention for years as a principal

Plus EVAAS Bonus for top 50% of Schools

2023-2024 Principal Bonus Schedule

Statewide Growth Percentage	Bonus
Top 5%	\$15,000
Top 10%	\$10,000
Top 15%	\$5,000
Top 20%	\$2,500
Top 50%	\$1,000

Proposed Principal Compensation Plan - Revisited

Uses complexity ranges instead of solely school size.

Proposed Draft Principal Pay Plan - Annual Schedule

		BASE	5% Jump	Growth Met	5% Jump	Growth Exceeded
School Complexity Range	Schedule/ Pay Level	Annual Salary	Schedule/ Pay Level	Annual Salary	Schedule/ Pay Level	Annual Salary
Lowest 10%	B0	\$82,650.00	B0	\$86,782.50	B0	\$91,121.63
11 - 30%	B1	\$86,782.50	B1	\$91,121.63	B1	\$95,677.71
31 - 50%	B2	\$91,121.63	B2	\$95,677.71	B2	\$100,461.59
51 - 70%	B3	\$95,677.71	B3	\$100,461.59	B3	\$105,484.67
71 - 90%	B4	\$100,461.59	B4	\$105,484.67	B4	\$110,758.90
Highest 10%	B5	\$105,484.67	B5	\$110,758.90	B5	\$116,296.85

Adds a retention supplement designed to keep leaders in schools.



	Ret	ention Pay (Year	s as Principal ON	ILY)
	0-4 Years	5-9 Years	10-14 Years	15+ Years
L	\$0	\$2,000	\$4,000	\$6,000

Features of the Proposed Plan



Establishes a complexity model that considers more than just school size.



Links all school employees to one salary scale while ensuring that the principal is the highest paid employee in the building.



Reduces the performance swings in pay to stabilize salaries, while maintaining the structure currently in place.



Adds a system of retention based on years as a school principal to keep leaders in schools.

Principals' Guide to Effective Advocacy





Katherine Joyce and Elizabeth Yelverton

Keys To Becoming An Advocate

- 1. KNOW the legislative process, power structure, and pros/cons on each issue.
- 2. **ESTABLISH** good working relationships with your legislators.



- 3. **COMMUNICATE** your views to elected and appointed policymakers.
- 4. **SUPPORT** campaigns of friends of public schools.



5. JOIN with others through NCASA & NCPAPA who share your views.



· A bill can stall or stop at any point in the process.

appointments bills, redistricting bills, constitutional

amendments and joint resolutions are not subject to

veto. Public bills that apply to all citizens of our state

· Click on underlined terms to link to more information.

Questions about the process? Call the Legislative

· Local bills that affect fewer than 15 counties,

are subject to veto.

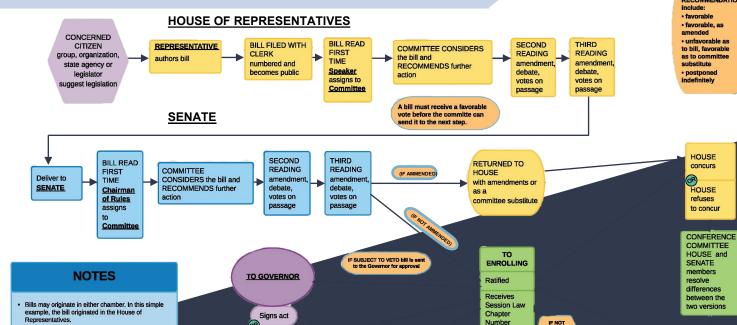
Library at 919,733,9390

https://www.ncleg.gov/Library/

Know The Process For Bills



Examples of COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATIONS



Three-fifths present

and voting of each

Return to

House of Origin

House overrides veto

After 10

becomes

law without

signature

Vetoes

days

SUBJECT TO

VETO, bill

receives a

session law

chapter

number and is

sent to the

Secretary of

State

TO SECRETARY OF

STATE

HOUSE &

SENATE

conference

adopt

report



Know The Power Structure



NC House of Representatives

72 Republicans





Speaker of the House: Rep. Tim Moore (R-Cleveland)

NC Senate 30 Republicans 20 Democrats



President Pro Tem: Sen. Phil Berger (R-Rockingham)

Governor





Roy Cooper (D)



Current Statewide Leaders



Governor	Roy Cooper (D)	Auditor	Jessica Holmes (D)
LT Governor	Mark Robinson (R)	Treasurer	Dale Folwell (R)
Superintendent of Public Instruction	Catherine Truitt (R)	Agriculture Commissioner	Steve Troxler (R)
Labor Commissioner	Josh Dobson (R)	Insurance Commissioner	Mike Causey (R)
Attorney General	Josh Stein (D)	Secretary of State	Elaine Marshall (D)

Indicates
State Board
of Ed.
Member

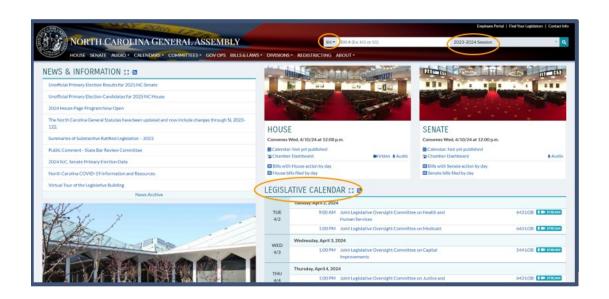


General Assembly Website



NCLEG.gov

- > Bill and statute search
- Audio and video links for committees and floor sessions
- Contact information for all legislators





Find Your Legislators



- Can also access this link through NCASA.net in the "Advocacy" tab through "Find Your Legislators."
- Find other resources there too, including "General Assembly Representation by County"

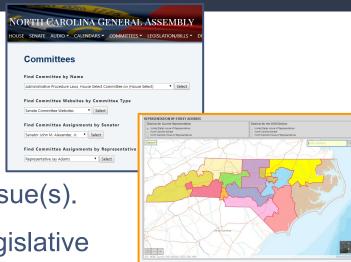




Working With Legislators



- > Know them *before* you need them.
- > Find common ground & shared interests.
- > Seek or provide opportunities for interaction.
- Know the role the legislator can play on the issue(s).
- Build on relationship before, during, & after legislative sessions.





Outreach To Legislators



Ask: "What is the best way to get in touch with you?" (Call, text, email, visit, or Zoom)

- > Remember: The Three C's:
 - 1) Be Concise.
 - 2) Be Correct.
 - 3) Be Courteous.











Personal Meetings



- Make an appointment.
- > Always introduce yourself.
- Get down to business quickly.
- > Be reasonable, not argumentative.
- > Leave brief, concise material with contact info.





Attorney General

Nov. 5th General Election



Governor	Josh Stein (D) Mark Robinson (R)
LT Governor	Rachel Hunt (D) Runoff – Jim O'Neill & Hal Weatherman (R)
Superintendent of Public Instruction	Mo Green (D) Michele Morrow (R)
Labor Commissioner	Braxton Winston II (D) Luke Farley (R)
Attornov Gonoral	Jeff Jackson (D)

Auditor	Jessica Holmes (D)* Runoff – David Boliek (R) & Jack Clark (R) Bob Drach (L)
Treasurer	Wesley Harris (D) Brad Briner (R)
Agriculture Commissioner	Sarah Taber (D) Steve Troxler (R)* Sean Haugh (L)
Insurance Commissioner	Natasha Marcus (D) Mike Causey (R)*
Secretary of State	Elaine Marshall (D)* Chad Brown (R)



120 NC

House

Members

+

50 NC
Senate
Members

Dan Bishop (R)





- Join NCASA and NCPAPA at the General Assembly on Wednesday,
 May 1st for Principal Appreciation and Advocacy Day!
- Advocate for improvements to your current compensation plan.
- More details and signup coming soon to ncasa.net and ncpapa.net!





2024 Advocacy & Election Schedule



- > April 15, 2024: Legislative bill filing deadline
- > April 24, 2024: Legislative Short Session convenes.
- May 1, 2024: Principal Appreciation and Advocacy Day at General Assembly.
- ➤ May 2024: 2024-2025 State Budget proposals to be released (hopefully with principal pay plan changes).
- > June 2024: Session END goal is 6/30 (but rarely met).
- July 1, 2024: New fiscal year begins.
- Nov. 5, 2024: General Election to determine new state leaders for 2025-2028 and 170 lawmakers to serve in General Assembly in 2025 and 2026.



Your Next Steps

- Find your own legislators and see if they are seeking re-election.
- Make appointments NOW to visit them at the General Assembly on May 1. (Plan to be flexible that day, as legislative schedules can change quickly!)
- > Sign up NOW to participate in the May 1 Principal Appreciation and Advocacy Day.
- > Review the NCPAPA/NCASA principal pay proposal and be prepared to share your own story of how the current plan impacts you or your school.
- Find resources at ncasa.net to help you plan for that day.
- Visit your lawmakers on May 1 and urge them to include the new principal pay plan in the 2024-2025 State Budget.
- Follow up with your lawmakers to thank them and stay in touch throughout this short session for updates on the principal pay plan!